October

Click nere for a listing of the average last and first frost dates
Consider adding a smaller <u>structure</u> such as a low tunnel or a larger <u>high tunnel</u> to <u>extend</u> <u>your growing season</u>
Learn how and when to harvest winter squash. Store winter squash in a cool, (50-55°F) dry location
Plant garlic cloves from mid-October through early November
Click here for a list of fall cleanup chores and good landscape practices
Remove vegetable plants from the garden once harvest is complete to reduce overwintering sites for insect pests
Protect tomatoes from early frost by covering the plants with a blanket or tarp
Overwinter <u>carrots</u> , <u>beets</u> and <u>parsnips</u> in ground, by placing mulch over them. This prevents the ground from freezing
Rototill leaves, <u>compost</u> and/or manure into the vegetable garden to enhance the soil microbe activity
Limit pruning of roses to the heading back of excessively long canes to prevent damage from heavy snow loads
Cut back ornamental grasses in snow prone areas once the foliage has dried down, otherwise leave them until spring and enjoy the vertical accent during winter
Plant spring blooming bulbs through early November
Planting trees and shrubs in the fall enhances root establishment
Dig tender perennials such as gladiolas, dahlias, begonias and canna lilies after the foliage has died down and store them in a cool, (45-50 °F) dry location
<u>Protect trunks</u> of young trees from winter cracking by wrapping them with a white reflective tree wrap
Dig and remove annual flower plantings
Plant cold hardy annuals: pansy, primrose, kale and ornamental cabbage
Prune out (to the ground) raspberry canes that have fruited
Fall is the best time to control tough perennial weeds such as field bindweed (aka morning glory). Click here for a list of weed control options
The last mowing of the season should be 1-1 ½ inches high to minimize disease problems
Apply a quick-release nitrogen <u>fertilizer</u> late fall, after the last mowing (late October – early November) for early green up next spring

Pests and Problems:

Send diseased vegetable plants and leaves to the local landfill

Use burlap or other soft materials to <u>wrap evergreens</u> to prevent snow breakage
Treat for <u>Coryneum blight</u> in stone fruits (cherries, peaches, nectarines, apricots and plums) at 50% leaf drop
Clean up and discard all fallen fruit to reduce overwintering sites for disease and insect pests
Other task:
Other task:
Other task:

gardenersalmanac.usu.edu

Utah State University is an affirmative action/equal opportunity institution.