Ask an Expert – April Gardening Checklist
Julene Reese
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April showers (and work in the garden) bring May flowers (and plants). Consider these tips to help you prepare! Included are links from the Utah State University Extension Gardeners Almanac.

• Consider planting **peas in the garden** every 2-3 weeks (until early May) to extend the harvest.
• **Click here** for information about how to plant and harvest rhubarb.
• Check out the **fact sheets** produced by USU Extension. We have over 55 on herbs and vegetables!
• Mechanically control young garden weeds by hoeing or hand pulling.
• Protect fruit blossoms and tender garden plants from late freezing temperatures. **Click here** for critical temperatures in fruit.
• If storing bulbs, check their condition to ensure they are firm, and remove any that are soft or rotten.
• If locally available, **plant bare root trees** and shrubs, keeping the exposed roots moist until planted.
• Wait to prune roses until after buds begin to swell to avoid late frost damage to new growth.
• Prune spring flowering shrubs (those that bloom before June) after they have bloomed to encourage new flower buds for next season.
• Divide crowded, fall-blooming perennials.
• Divide cool-season ornamental grasses when new growth begins to emerge.
• Apply chelated iron (FeEDDHA) to plants with prior problems with **iron chlorosis**.
• Use organic **mulches** (wood chips or bark) to retain soil moisture around shrubs and trees.

• Plant a tree to Celebrate National Arbor Day. The **USU Tree Browser** offers an interactive list of tree species adapted to the Intermountain West.
• Apply pre-emergent herbicides in late March to mid-April to control annual weeds in your lawn, such as crabgrass and spurge.
• **Click here** for information on planting a lawn.
• In compacted sites, aerate with a hollow core aerator when turfgrass is actively growing in April to June.
• **Check sprinkler systems** for leaks. Also, clean filters and fix and align heads.

**Pests and Problems:**

• Download the **Utah Home Orchard Pest Management Guide**.
• Learn about common problems in **peaches and nectarines, pears, plums or apricots**.
• Reduce chemical use to promote **beneficial insects** in your landscape.
• Treat for **Coryneum blight** in stone fruits (cherries, peaches, nectarines, apricots and plums) at shuck split, approximately 10 days after flower petals drop.
• Treat for **powdery mildew** on apples beginning when leaves are emerging at ½-inch green until June.
• Monitor wet weather during bloom in apples, pears and hawthorns to determine whether to treat for **fire blight**.
• Treat fruit trees for **cat facing insects**, such as stink bugs, to prevent dimples and pucker marks in the trees.
• Use preventative control for **peach twig borer** in peaches, nectarines and apricots to help reduce twig and fruit damage later in the season. For specific timing see [http://utahpests.usu.edu/ipm/](http://utahpests.usu.edu/ipm/).
• Control spring flying **bark beetles** in pine trees and other conifers.
• Protect birch trees previously infested by the bronze birch borer by applying a systemic pesticide.
• **Click here to subscribe** to the Utah Pests IPM Advisories for timely tips on controlling pests in your yard and garden.
• Consider taking an **online gardening course**. Courses cover everything from container vegetable gardening and creating the perfect soil, to planting trees and controlling pests. Courses are geared to both beginning and professional gardeners. Use the code “Grow5” at checkout to get $5 off.
• Explore more gardening tips on Extension’s newly designed **yard and garden website**.