Lesson 4: Shopping and Fall Planting

Nutrition topic: Grocery shopping; saving money; **Gardening topic:** Fall Planting Recommended recipe demo: marinated zucchini salad (or a recipe that focuses on the vegetables being grown in the plot).

Optional Nutrition Topic: FFR Protein, Getting the Whole Family Involved

Optional Garden Highlight: Use Fruit and Vegetable Handouts to focus on a few foods being grown in the garden.

Objectives

Participants will be able to:

- Name three grocery shopping tips that help stretch food dollars.
- Explain the benefits of shopping at a farmers' market.
- Calculate fall planting dates based on the average first fall frost.
- Identify crops that can be planted for fall cropping.

Required handouts: General Grocery Shopping Tips, <u>Shopping for Produce</u>, <u>Shopping For Fruit</u>, <u>Shopping for Vegetables</u>, <u>Family Mealtime</u>

Recommended handouts: based on what you're planting, pull vining veggie handouts

Nutrition topic: Grocery Shopping, Saving Money

Grocery Shopping

Once you have a meal plan ready, it is time to head to the grocery store. Distribute the General Grocery Shopping Tips handout.

Discussion starter, "What are some tips and tricks for shopping for healthy foods while staying within your budget?"

Discuss some of the tips and tricks from the General Grocery Shopping Tips handout.

- Stick to the edge of the store.
- Do not shop hungry.
- Go to the grocery store during slow times.
- Identify which foods you really want.
- Always compare prices.
- Look high and low on the shelf.
- Make and stick to your grocery list.
- Make a budget.
- Be flexible.

Following some of these tips will also make your food budget stretch longer.

Stretching food dollars with fruits and vegetables

Many people think fruits and vegetables are too expensive for those with a limited food budget. Sometimes certain fruits and vegetables can be pricey, but there are many ways to get your five a day on limited funds.

Discussion Starter: What are some tips you use to get a variety of fruits and vegetables while staying within your budget?

Distribute shopping for produce handout and discuss money saving tips

• Buy fresh, frozen, or canned

- Shop in season (optional distribution of the harvest schedule handout)
- Shop sales
- Buy quality produce that will last longer.
- Plan your meals using the most perishable items first.
- Optional: distribute shopping for fruit and shopping for vegetable handouts.

Benefits of Shopping at Farmer's Markets

There are many benefits to shopping at a local farmer's market. Quality

Fresh produce of the highest quality is easily found. Fruits and vegetables that are fresh often have greater flavor and more nutrients. Fruits and vegetables lose flavor and nutrients while being moved across long distances, and then they sit on the grocery store shelf. To increase their shelf life, they may have been picked before they were ripe. Farmers' market produce is picked days, and perhaps even hours, before the customer makes the purchase.

Price

When certain fruits and vegetables are in season, they may be less expensive at the grocery store. You can occasionally get a great deal on fruits and vegetables if you shop at the end of the market day. Keep in mind that at the end of the day, you may have less selection.

Variety

There is a large variety offered at the markets during the peak of the local growing season, providing access to unique varieties of produce, including heirloom tomatoes, winter squash, herbs, and fresh greens that are harder to find in the grocery store. Farmers are often a great resource for how to use different fruits and vegetables and may even offer you a sample to taste. This is an opportunity to try new varieties of fruits and vegetables.

Supports the local economy.

Money spent at the farmers' market stays in the local economy. Many markets have regulations on how far away fruits and vegetables sold at the market can travel.

Optional: Getting the whole family involved at mealtime Distribute the "Family Mealtime" handout and discuss as a group ways to include all members of the family in meal preparation.



Family Mealtime

Having meals together as a family is known to build healthier lifestyles, improve behavior, and strengthen relationships. Family meals also help children develop healthy food habits at a young age.

Health Benefits

- Lower incidence of childhood obesity.
- More inclined to increase their intake of fruits and vegetables.
- Outside of the family, kids are more likely to make healthy decisions.
- Children participate in fewer dangerous behaviors such as drug usage, sexual activity, and alcohol misuse.
- Lower incidence of pediatric depression.
- Eating disorders are less likely to affect children.

Benefits for children

- increased sense of self-worth.
- improve academic performance.
- expands vocabulary.

Benefits for Families

- Relationships grow and/or get better.
- Enhances family dynamics.
- Kids and parents have greater communication.
- Children are more aware of what is expected of them in the family.
- Families feel closer to one another.
- Families that eat more meals at home will spend less money on food.
- Parents can provide an example of wholesome eating habits.

Gardening topic: Fall Planting

Midsummer is a great time to plant hardy vegetables for a fall harvest. In general, any vegetable that can be sown or transplanted in the cool days and frosty nights of spring is a candidate for midsummer planting.

- Which crops to plant
 - o Cool season crops refer to the cool/warm season crops handout
 - o Examples: peas, radishes, lettuce, spinach, carrots, beets, Swiss chard, turnips, kale, kohlrabi, broccoli, cabbage, and cauliflower
- Timing of planting and harvesting
 - o Know your average first fall frost date.
 - o On the seed packet, add the days to germination and days to maturity. Add 14 days to this number to give you a two week buffer to reach maturity. Fall weather has cooler temperatures and less light, which will slow plant growth.
 - o Count backwards the total number of days from the fall frost date, and this will give you a planting date.
- Most crops planted for fall should be planted some time in June or July, depending on the total grow time needed to reach harvest.

Recipe Sample

Allow time for participants to taste the sample. Encourage participants to give their feedback on the recipe, including what they would do differently.

Lesson 4 gardening terms:

- Germination: a seed to sprout to form a seedling, the environmental conditions
 must be favorable in order to support the growing plant. The soil depth, amount
 of water, and temperature are all critical conditions that must be met in order for
 the process of germination to be initiated. Typically, the soil conditions must be
 moist and warm.
- **Maturity**: the peak growth of a plant at which it will begin the cycle of reproduction, i.e. fruit development.