

## Answers Level 1 Sewing Quiz Bowl

1. The coarseness or fineness of the needle.
2. It holds the fabric in place during the sewing process.
3. The machine will not make a stitch.
4. Differential feed allows the serger to gather or stretch fabric as it is stitched. Usually sergers with this feature will be more expensive to purchase.
5. The finished garment can twist on the body (i.e., the seams will not be perpendicular to the floor).
6. Some of the information included on the back of a pattern envelope includes: garment description, suggested fabrics, amount of fabric needed for the different views/garments, suggested notions, and finished garments measurements.
7. Preshrinking helps to make fabric easier to sew, any shrinkage occurs before the garment is sewn and excess dye will be removed.
8. Study both sides of the fabric in sunlight. Select one side to be the right side and mark all pieces on the right side before you sew.
9. The towels are lint givers and the jeans are lint receivers.
10. Hollow fibers hold heat and thus provide warmth to the body. They also help hide soil which makes them an excellent fiber to use in carpeting.
11. The garment will be larger. For each seam that is stitched with a  $\frac{1}{2}$  inch seam, you will add  $\frac{1}{4}$  inch to the garment.
12. Refer to page 9 of Level 1 for a list of standard sewing machine needles and their uses.
13. Bias cuts can be used for bindings such as a seam binding. A bias binding has stretch which allows the binding to fit smoothly around curves. Plaid fabric can be cut on the bias to provide accent to parts of the garment such as pockets, collars, cuffs, etc.
14. Soak the stain in cold water as soon as possible. Rub laundry detergent into the stain and rinse with cold water until the detergent is removed. If part of the stain is still visible, treat with a commercial stain removal spray. Wash the garment in warm water. Do not machine dry until you are sure the stain is completely removed.

## Answers Level 2 Sewing Quiz Bowl

1. A woven fabric consists of interlacing yarns at right angles to each other and a knit fabric is formed from a series of interlocking loops.
2. Fabric of thread count indicates the quality of the fabric. The higher the count the better the quality of the fabric.
3. Blended fabrics incorporate the "good" characteristics of the fibers used in the blend. These good characteristics help to reduce some of the less desirable characteristics of each of the fibers.
4. The design may be printed off grain.
5. Wearing ease is added to patterns to provide room for the body to move when wearing the garment.

6. Pressing involves lifting the iron in an up and down motion and shapes a garment with pressure. Ironing involves pushing the iron back and forth on the garment while applying pressure.
7. The Care Labeling Rule requires manufacturers to provide full instructions for the proper care of the garment including information related to washing, bleaching, drying, ironing, and dry cleaning.
8. Detergent is added to the laundry after the wash water.
9. Raw materials, labor, overhead costs, marketing costs, and profit margin should be included when calculating the cost of a soft goods product.
10. Value pricing can be used when the product is unique, one of a kind and/or customized and offers special value to the customer.

### **Answers Level 3 Sewing Quiz Bowl**

1. Fabric for outdoor wear needs to be warm, durable, strong and resistant to wind, water, and moisture.
2. Down-filled pillows can be hand washed by applying a mild soap or detergent wash to the surface of the pillow. Hold the pillow vertically so as to limit the penetration of the water to the inside of the pillow (the down). Rinse with clear water to remove soap/detergent residue.
3. Woolens are spun from wool fibers that are one to three inches long. Worsted wool is spun from fibers longer than three inches.
4. Wool fabric holds the moisture from a steam iron and thus is easy to shape and mold.
5. Symmetrical balance has equal volume and impact on both sides of the item/garment. With asymmetrical balance the volume and/or impact varies from one side of the garment to the other.
6. More than one focal point on a garment confuses the viewer's eye.
7. The print with the 3-inch diameter flowers would be more in scale with the person's figure.
8. Rinse swimwear in clear water immediately after wearing. Avoid getting sunscreen on swimwear.
9. The yarn is passing over 4 to 8 other yarns. This "loose" yarn, or float, can be easily snagged.
10. A dust ruffle is used to hide box springs and the bed frames.